Finance Act, No. 21 of 2019

[Certified on 31st of October, 2019]

L.D.—O. 15/2019

AN ACT TO AMEND THE FINANCE ACT, NO. 35 OF 2018; TO PROVIDE FOR THE IMPOSITION OF A FOREIGN COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS LEVY; AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH AND INCIDENTAL THERETO.

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:–

1. This Act may be cited as the Finance Act, No. 21 of 2019. Short title.

PART I

AMENDMENT OF PART VII OF THE FINANCE ACT, NO. 35 OF 2018

2. Section 23 of the Finance Act, No. 35 of 2018 is hereby amended by the substitution for the definition of the expression “specified motor vehicle” of the following definition:—

“specified motor vehicle”—

(a) in relation to a vehicle of which the first registration falls prior to November 1, 2019, means any assembled or unassembled diesel motor vehicle of which the cylinder capacity exceeds 2,300 CC or a petrol motor vehicle of which the cylinder capacity exceeds 1,800 CC or an electric vehicle of which motor power of the engine exceeds 200 Kw, but shall not include a dual purpose petrol motor vehicle of which the cylinder capacity does not exceed 2,200 CC, a dual purpose electric motor vehicle, a van, a single cab or a wagon;
(b) in relation to a vehicle of which the first registration falls on or after November 1, 2019, means any assembled or unassembled motor vehicle, but does not include a van, a single cab, a double cab, a motor cycle, a motor tricycle, a motor ambulance, a motor hearse, a lorry, a tractor, a hand tractor, a trailer or any motor vehicle for transport of goods, as identified under the harmonized commodity description and coding system numbers provided in terms of the Customs Ordinance (Chapter 235).”

PART II

AMENDMENT OF PART XI OF THE FINANCE ACT, NO. 35 OF 2018

3. Section 40 of the Finance Act, No. 35 of 2018 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as the “principal enactment”) is hereby amended by the repeal of subsection (1) thereof and the substitution therefor of the following subsection:—

“(1) There shall be levied a tax to be called the “Carbon Tax” (hereinafter in this Part referred to as “the tax”) for the period commencing from January 1, 2019 and ending on November 30, 2019, from the registered owner of every motor vehicle specified in the Third Schedule hereto, at the rates specified in that Schedule:

Provided however, the tax payable under this subsection shall not be levied in respect of any motor vehicle registered for the first time within the period commencing from January 1, 2019 and ending on November 30, 2019, in terms of the Motor Traffic Act (Chapter 203).”.

4. Section 41 of the principal enactment is hereby amended by the repeal of subsection (1) thereof and the substitution therefor of the following new subsection:—

“(1) The tax payable under subsection (1) of section 40, shall be paid by the registered owner of any relevant motor vehicle, to the Divisional Secretary, on or before the due date of renewal of annual registration.”.
PART III
AMENDMENT OF PART XII OF THE FINANCE ACT, NO. 35 OF 2018

5. Section 46 of the Finance Act, No. 35 of 2018 is hereby repealed and the following new section is substituted therefor:—

46. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof is in default, the defaulter shall be liable to pay to the Commission, in addition to the levy in default, a surcharge calculated—

(a) at the rate of ten per centum of the amount of such levy as is in default for the subsequent period of one month or part thereof, from the due date for the payment of the levy under section 44; and

(b) at the rate of two per centum of the amount of such levy as is in default for the subsequent period of one month or part thereof, from the due date for the payment specified in paragraph (a),

which surcharge shall be collected by the Commission.

(2) The Commission shall take action to recover any levy which is in default for a period of more than three months, along with the amount of the surcharge accrued thereon, in the manner as is specified hereafter.

(3) The Commission shall cause to be issued on the defaulter, a Notice, informing the defaulter of the intention of the Commission to institute proceedings for the recovery of the amount of the levy in default and the surcharge accrued thereon in terms of the provisions of this section unless such levy and the surcharge thereon is paid within a period of three weeks of the date of issue of such Notice.
(4) Where the Commission issues Notice on the defaulter in terms of subsection (3) but the amount of the levy in default along with the surcharge thereon remains unpaid even though the period of three weeks specified in such Notice has elapsed, the Commission shall under the hand of the Chairman, issue to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over the division in which the defaulter resides or is carrying on business, a Certificate containing the name and address of the defaulter and the total sum in default along with a statement to the effect that the person so named has defaulted in making the payment as required by this section. Where the defaulter is a body corporate, a firm or a body unincorporated other than a firm, the certificate shall contain the names of every director and officer responsible with the management and control of such body corporate or, of every partner of such firm or, of every officer responsible with the management and control of such body unincorporate.

(5) The Magistrate shall on receipt of the Certificate issued under subsection (4), issue summons on the defaulter requiring such defaulter to appear before him on a date to be specified and show cause as to why the amount specified in such certificate should not be recovered from such defaulter. Where the cause shown appears to the Magistrate to be insufficient so as to explain the reason for the nonpayment, the Magistrate shall after recording the same, make order for the recovery of the amount specified in such certificate, from the defaulter as if it were a fine imposed by the Magistrate. The money so recovered shall be remitted to the Commission, which shall credit the same to the Consolidated Fund.”.
PART IV

IMPOSITION OF A LEVY ON FOREIGN COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS

6. (1) This Part of this Act shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may by Order published in the Gazette appoint (hereinafter in this Part referred to as the “appointed date”).

(2) The Order under subsection (1) shall, not later than three months from the date of publication in the Gazette, be placed before Parliament for its approval.

(3) Notification of the date of the approval under subsection (2) shall be published in the Gazette.

7. (1) From and after the appointed date, there shall be charged, a levy to be called the “Levy on Foreign Commercial Transactions” (hereinafter in this Part referred to as the “Levy”) from every person who has completed a transaction through a payment card with a person outside Sri Lanka, to purchase any goods or services from such person outside Sri Lanka.

(2) The rate of the Levy shall be 3.5 per centum on the sum remitted outside Sri Lanka for any transaction under subsection (1).

(3) The levy shall be collected at the time of the remittance of the sum outside Sri Lanka for a transaction referred to in subsection (1), by every financial institution which transfers any such sum.

(4) The aggregate of the sums so collected under subsection (3), by any financial institution within any month shall be remitted to the Commissioner-General on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding the relevant month.

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Date of operation of this Part.

Imposition of a Levy on foreign commercial transactions.
(5) A financial institution shall in respect of each financial year of such financial institution, furnish a return to the Commissioner-General within a period of six months from the end of that financial year, in such form, manner and containing such information together with such attachments, as may be specified by the Commissioner-General.

(6) The provisions which may be necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Part and collection of the levy shall be prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

8. The Minister may, having regard to the economic development of the country, by Order published in the *Gazette*, exempt any transaction specified in such Order, subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Order, from the application of the provisions of section 7.

9. (1) Where any financial institution, which is liable to pay the levy under this Part fails to pay the levy as provided for in section 7, such financial institution shall be deemed to be a defaulter under this Act.

(2) The provisions of Chapter IX, Chapter XI, Chapter XII, Chapter XIII, Chapter XIV, Chapter XV, Chapter XVI, Chapter XVII and Chapter XVIII of the Inland Revenue Act, No. 24 of 2017 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to and in relation to any such defaulter.

10. In this part of this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Commissioner-General” means, the Commissioner-General of Inland Revenue appointed or deemed to be appointed under the Inland Revenue Act, No. 24 of 2017;

“charge card” means, a payment card which involves a line of credit granted by the issuer to the cardholder where the credit utilized by the
cardholder must be settled fully on or before a date specified by the issuer, without any extended credit;

“credit card” means, a payment card which involves a line of credit granted by the issuer to the cardholder where the credit utilized can be settled in full or in part on or before a specified date. The issuer may charge interest or other charges on any amount not settled on the specified date;

“debit card” means, a payment card that may be used to withdraw cash or execute payments for purchase of goods and services, or for both such purposes, by directly debiting from the cardholder’s account;

“finance company” means, a finance company licensed under the Finance Business Act, No. 42 of 2011;

“financial institution” means, a licensed commercial bank, a licensed specialized bank, or a finance company engaged in the business as an issuer of payment cards or financial acquirer of payment cards under the authority of a licence issued by Central Bank of Sri Lanka;

“financial acquirer” means, any person who makes arrangements with third parties to accept payment cards of cardholders as a means of payment and reimburses those third parties with the value of the goods or services purchased by the cardholder, or who reimburses such third parties for cash advances obtained by the card holders or performs both such functions;

“issuer” means, an entity that issues a payment card and thereby enters into a contractual relationship with the cardholder;
“licensed commercial bank” means, a commercial bank licensed under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988;

“licensed specialized bank” means, a specialized bank licensed under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988;

“payment card” means, a debit card, credit card, charge card or stored-value card;

“person” shall have the same meaning assigned to such expression under the Inland Revenue Act, No. 24 of 2017;

“stored-value card” means, a payment card or any other device with access to a stored value that can be used as a means of payment and does not include a card that can be used only to settle payment obligations to the issuer of such card.

PART V

GENERAL

11. (1) The Minister may make regulations in respect of all matters which are required to be prescribed or for which regulations are authorized to be made under this Act.

(2) Every regulation made by the Minister under subsection (1) shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation on the date of its publication or on such later date as may be specified therein.

(3) Every regulation made by the Minister shall within three months from its publication in the Gazette, be brought before Parliament for approval. Every regulation which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded from the date of disapproval but without prejudice to anything duly done thereunder.
(4) Notification of the date on which any regulation is deemed to be rescinded shall be published in the Gazette.

12. In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala and Tamil texts of this Act, the Sinhala text shall prevail.
English Acts of the Parliament can be purchased at the “Prakashana Piyasa”, Department of Government Printing, No. 118, Dr. Danister De Silva Mawatha, Colombo 8.