THE GAZETTE OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

Part II of July 29, 2022

SUPPLEMENT

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TWENTY SECOND AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION

A

BILL

to amend the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka

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L.D.— O. 12/2022

AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:-

1. This Act may be cited as the Twenty Second Short title Amendment to the Constitution.

5 **2.** Chapter VIIA of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka (in this Act referred to as the "Constitution") is hereby repealed and the following Chapter VIIA of the Constitution is substituted therefor:-

"CHAPTER VIIA

10 THE CONSTITUTIONAL COUNCIL

of Chapter VIIA of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka

Constitution	41A. (1) There shall be a Constitutional
of the	Council (in this Chapter referred to as the
Constitutional	"Council") which shall consist of the following
Council	members:-

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- (a) the Prime Minister;
 - (b) the Speaker;
 - (c) the Leader of the Opposition in Parliament;
 - (*d*) one Member of Parliament appointed by the President;
 - (e) five persons appointed by the President, upon being nominated as follows:-
 - (i) one Member of Parliament nominated by agreement of the

majority of the Members of Parliament representing the Government;

5	 (ii) one Member of Parliament nominated by agreement of the majority of the Members of Parliament of the political party or independent group to which the Leader of the Opposition belongs; and
15	(iii) three persons nominated by the Speaker in consultation with the Prime Minister and the Leader of the Opposition by agreement of the majority of Members of
	Parliament;
20	(f) one Member of Parliament nominated by agreement of the Members of Parliament other than those representing the Government and those belonging to the political party or independent group to which the Leader of the Opposition belongs, and appointed by the President.
25	(2) The Speaker shall be the Chairman of the Council.
30	(3) It shall be the duty of the Speaker to ensure that nominations for appointments under sub-paragraph (e) or sub-paragraph (f) of paragraph (1) are made, whenever an occasion for such nominations arises.
	(4) In nominating the five persons referred to in sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph (1) , the Members of Parliament shall ensure that the

Council reflects the pluralistic character of Sri Lankan society, including professional and social diversity.

5	(5) The persons who are not Members of Parliament to be appointed under sub- paragraph (e) of paragraph (1) shall be persons of eminence and integrity who have distinguished themselves in public or professional life and who are not members of any political party whose nomination shall be approved by Parliament.
15	(6) The President shall, within fourteen days of the receipt of a written communication specifying the nominations made under sub- paragraphs (e) and (f) of paragraph (1), make the necessary appointments. In the event of the President failing to make the necessary appointments within such period of fourteen
20	days, the persons nominated shall be deemed to have been appointed as members of the Council, with effect from the date of expiry of such period.
25	(7) (<i>a</i>) On the dissolution of Parliament, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of Article 64, the Speaker shall continue to hold office as a member of the Council, until a Member of Parliament is elected to be the Speaker under paragraph (1) of the aforesaid Article.
30	(<i>b</i>) Notwithstanding the dissolution of Parliament, the Prime Minister, the Leader of the Opposition and the Members of Parliament who are members of the Council, shall continue to hold office as Members of such Council,
35	until such time after a General Election

	4	Twenty Second Amendment to the Constitution
5		following such dissolution, a Member of Parliament is appointed as the Prime Minister or recognized as the Leader of the Opposition or such number of Members of Parliament are appointed as Members of the Council under sub-paragraphs (d) , (e) and (f) of paragraph (1) , as the case may be.
10		(8) (a) The member of the Council appointed under sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph (1), shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of appointment unless the member earlier resigns his office by writing addressed to the President or is removed from office by the President.
15		(b) Every member of the Council appointed under sub-paragraphs (e) and (f) of paragraph (1) shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of appointment unless the member earlier resigns his office by writing
20		addressed to the President or is removed from office by the President on a resolution passed by the majority of the Members of Parliament (including those not present) voting in its favour on the grounds of physical or mental
25		incapacity and is unable to function further in office or is convicted by a court of law for any offence involving moral turpitude or if a resolution for the imposition of civic disability upon him has been passed in terms of Article 81
30		of the Constitution or is deemed to have vacated his office under paragraph (7) of Article 41E.
35		(9) In the event of there being a vacancy among the members appointed under sub- paragraph (d) , (e) or (f) of paragraph (1), the President shall, within fourteen days of the

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5	occurrence of such vacancy and having regard to the provisions of the aforementioned sub- paragraphs, appoint another person to succeed such member. Any person so appointed, shall hold office during the unexpired part of the period of office of the member whom he succeeds.
10	(10) A member appointed under sub- paragraph (d) , (e) or (f) of paragraph (1), shall not be eligible for re-appointment.
	(11) The appointments made by the President under sub-paragraphs (d) , (e) and (f) of paragraph (1), shall be communicated to the Speaker.
15 Council to recommend appointments	41B. (1) No person shall be appointed by the President as the Chairman or a member of any of the Commissions specified in the Schedule to this Article, except on a recommendation of the Council.
20	(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall apply in respect of any person appointed to act as the Chairman or as a member of any such Commission.
25	(3) It shall be the duty of the Council to recommend to the President fit and proper persons for appointment as Chairmen or members of the Commissions specified in the Schedule to this Article, whenever the occasion for such appointments arises and such
30	for such appointments arises, and such recommendations shall endeavour to ensure that such recommendations reflect the pluralistic character of Sri Lankan society, including gender. In the case of the Chairmen

of such Commissions, the Council shall recommend three persons for appointment, and the President shall appoint one of the persons recommended as Chairman.

5	(4) The President shall appoint the Chairmen and the members of the Commissions
10	specified in the Schedule to this Article, within fourteen days of receiving the recommendations of the Council for such appointments. In the event of the President failing to make the necessary appointments within such period of fourteen days-
15	(a) the persons recommended under paragraph (3), to be appointed as members of a Commission, shall be deemed to have been appointed as the members of the Commissions; and
20	(b) the person whose name appears first in the list of names recommended under paragraph (3), to be appointed as the Chairman of a Commission, shall be deemed to have been appointed the Chairman of the respective Commission,
25	with effect from the date of expiry of such period.
30	(5) No person appointed under paragraph (1) or a person appointed to act as the Chairman or a member of any such Commission, shall be removed except as provided for in the Constitution or in any written law, and where there is no such provision, such person shall be removed by the President only with the prior approval of the Council.

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(6) All the Commissions referred to in the Schedule to this Article, other than the Election Commission, shall be responsible and answerable to Parliament.

5			Schedule
		(<i>a</i>)	The Election Commission.
		(<i>b</i>)	The Public Service Commission.
		(<i>c</i>)	The National Police Commission.
		(<i>d</i>)	The Audit Service Commission.
10		(<i>e</i>)	The Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka.
		(f)	The Commission to Investigate Allegations of Bribery or Corruption.
		(g)	The Finance Commission.
15		(<i>h</i>)	The Delimitation Commission.
		(<i>i</i>)	The National Procurement Commission.
20	Council to approve appointments	the Pathe S the S appo Coun	c. (1) No person shall be appointed by resident to any of the Offices specified in Schedule to this Article, unless such bintment has been approved by the acil upon a recommendation made to the acil by the President.
		(2)) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this

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(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall apply in respect of any person appointed to act for a period exceeding fourteen days, in any Office specified in the Schedule to this Article:

5	Provided that no person shall be appointed to act in any such office for successive periods not exceeding fourteen days, unless such acting appointment has been approved by the Council on a recommendation by the President.
10	(3) No person appointed to any Office specified in the Schedule to this Article or to act in any such Office, shall be removed from such Office except as provided for in the Constitution or in any law.
15	(4) In the discharge of its function relating to the appointment of Judges of the Supreme Court and the President and Judges of the Court of Appeal, the Council shall obtain the views of the Chief Justice.
	Schedule
	PARTI
	(<i>a</i>) The Chief Justice and the Judges of the Supreme Court.
20	(<i>b</i>) The President and the Judges of the Court of Appeal.
	(c) The Members of the Judicial Service Commission, other than the Chairman.
	PARTII
25	(a) The Attorney-General.
	(b) The Governor of the Central Bank of

b) The Governor of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka.

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		(c) The Auditor-General.
		(d) The Inspector-General of Police.
		(e) The Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration (Ombudsman).
5		(f) The Secretary-General of Parliament.
10	Secretary- General and other officers of the Council	41D. (1) There shall be a Secretary-General to the Council who shall be appointed by the Council for a term of three years. Upon the expiration of his term of office, the Secretary- General shall be eligible for reappointment.
		(2) The Council may appoint such officers as it considers necessary for the discharge of its functions, on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Council.
15	Meetings of the Council	41E. (1) The Council shall meet at least twice every month, and as often as may be necessary to discharge the functions assigned to the Council by the provisions of this Chapter or by any law, and such meetings shall be
20		summoned by the Secretary-General to the Council on the direction of the Chairman of the Council.
25		(2) The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Council and in the absence of the Chairman, the Prime Minister, and in the absence of the Prime Minister, the Leader of the Opposition shall preside at the meetings of the Council.
30		(3) The quorum for any meeting of the Council shall be five members.

(4) The Council shall endeavour to make every recommendation, approval or decision it is required to make by unanimous decision and in the absence of a unanimous decision, no recommendation, approval or decision made by the Council shall be valid, unless supported by not less than five members of the Council present at such meeting.

(5) The Chairman or the other member presiding shall not have an original vote, but in the event of an equality of votes on any question for decision at any meeting of the Council, the Chairman or other member presiding at such meeting, shall have a casting vote.

(6) The procedure in regard to meetings of the Council and the transaction of business at such meetings shall be determined by the Council, including procedures to be followed in regard to the recommendation or approval of persons suitable for any appointment under Article 41B or Article 41c.

(7) Any member of the Council appointed under sub-paragraph (d), (e) or (f) of paragraph (1) of Article 41A, who without obtaining prior leave of the Council absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Council, shall be deemed to have vacated office with effect from the date of the third of such meetings.

30 (8) The Council shall have the power to act notwithstanding the fact that it has not been fully constituted or that there is a vacancy in its membership. No act, proceeding or decision

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of the Council carried out or made by the majority vote of the members shall be or deemed to be invalid by reason only of the fact that the Council has not been fully constituted 5 or that there has been a vacancy in its membership or that there has been any defect in the appointment of a member. 41F. Notwithstanding the expiration of the Continuation in office of term of office of the members of the Council or the members of the members of any Commission specified 10 of the in the Schedule to Article 41B, the members of Council the Council or of such other Commission shall continue in office until the assumption of office by the new members of the Council or of such other Commission. 15 Powers and 41G. (1) The Council shall, once in every duties of the three months, submit to the President and Council Parliament a report of its activities during the preceding three months. (2) The Council shall perform and discharge 20 such other duties and functions as may be imposed or assigned to the Council by the Constitution, or by any other written law. (3) The Council shall have the power to make rules relating to the performance and 25 discharge of its duties and functions. All such rules shall be published in the Gazette and be placed before Parliament within three months of such publication. 30 Expenses to 41H. The expenses incurred by the Council be charged shall be charged on the Consolidated Fund. on the Consolidated Fund

Finality of 41J. Subject to the provisions of Article 126, decisions of no court shall have the power or jurisdiction to the Council entertain, hear or decide or call in question, on any ground whatsoever, or in any manner whatsoever, any decision of the Council or any approval or recommendation made by the Council, which decision, approval or recommendation shall be final and conclusive for all purposes.".

10 3. Chapter VIII of the Constitution is hereby repealed Replacement and the following Chapter is substituted therefor:-

of Chapter VIII of the Constitution

"CHAPTER VIII

THE EXECUTIVE

THE CABINET OF MINISTERS

15	Responsibility	42. The President shall be responsible to
	of the President	Parliament for the due exercise, performance
	President	and discharge of his powers, duties and
		functions under the Constitution and any
		written law, including the law for the time being
20		relating to public security.

43. (1) There shall be a Cabinet of Ministers Prime Minister and charged with the direction and control of the the Cabinet Government of the Republic. of Ministers

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(2) The Cabinet of Ministers shall be collectively responsible and answerable to Parliament.

(3) The President shall be a member of the Cabinet of Ministers and shall be the Head of the Cabinet of Ministers.

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(4) The President shall appoint as Prime Minister the Member of Parliament, who, in the President's opinion, is most likely to command the confidence of Parliament.

5	Ministers and their subjects and functions	44. (1) The President shall, in consultation with the Prime Minister, where he considers such consultation to be necessary, determine the number of Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers and the Ministries and the assignment of subjects and functions to such Ministers.
15		(2) The President shall, on the advice of the Prime Minister, appoint from among Members of Parliament, Ministers, to be in charge of the Ministries so determined.
20		(3) The President shall be the Minister in charge of the subject of Defence and may exercise, perform and discharge the powers, duties and functions of any Minister of the
20		Cabinet of Ministers or any Minister who is not a member of the Cabinet of Ministers, subject to the provisions of the Constitution, for not exceeding fourteen days during a period within which any subject or function is not
25		assigned to any such Minister under the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article or under paragraph (1) of Article 45 and accordingly, any reference in the Constitution
30		or any written law to the Minister to whom such subject or function is assigned, shall be read and construed as a reference to the President:
		Provided however, preceding provisions of this paragraph shall not preclude the President

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from assigning any subject or function to

himself on the advice of the Prime Minister and accordingly, any reference in the Constitution or any written law to the Minister to whom such subject or function is assigned, shall be read and construed as a reference to the President.

(4) The President may at any time change the assignment of subjects and functions and the composition of the Cabinet of Ministers. Such changes shall not affect the continuity of the Cabinet of Ministers and the continuity of its responsibility to Parliament.

	Ministers	45. (1) The President may, on the advice
15	who are not	of the Prime Minister, appoint from among
	members of the Cabinet	Members of Parliament, Ministers who shall
	of Ministers	not be members of the Cabinet of Ministers.

(2) The President may, in consultation with the Prime Minister where he considers such consultation to be necessary, determine the assignment of subjects and functions to Ministers appointed under paragraph (1) of this Article and the Ministries, if any, which are to be in charge of, such Ministers.

(3) The President may at any time change any assignment made under paragraph (2).

(4) Every Minister appointed under paragraph (1) shall be responsible to the Cabinet of Ministers and to Parliament.

(5) Any Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers may, by Notification published in the Gazette, delegate to any Minister who is not a member of the Cabinet of Ministers, any power or duty pertaining to any subject or function assigned

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to such Cabinet Minister, or any power or duty conferred or imposed on him by any written law, and it shall be lawful for such other Minister to exercise and perform any power or 5 duty delegated notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the written law by which that power or duty is conferred or imposed on such Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers. 46. (1) The President may, on the advice of Deputy 10 Ministers the Prime Minister, appoint from among Members of Parliament, Deputy Ministers to assist Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers in the performance of their duties. (2) Any Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers 15 may, by Notification published in the Gazette, delegate to his Deputy Minister, any power or duty pertaining to any subject or function assigned to him or any power or duty conferred or imposed on him by any written law, and it shall be lawful for such Deputy Minister to 20 exercise and perform any power or duty delegated notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the written law by which that power or duty is conferred or imposed on such 25 Minister. 47. (1) The total number of-Tenure of office of the Prime (a) Ministers of the Cabinet of Minister, and Ministers shall not exceed the limitation of numbers thirty; and and tenure of office of 30 Ministers and (b) Ministers who are not members Deputy of the Cabinet of Ministers and Ministers Deputy Ministers shall not, in the aggregate, exceed forty.

5	(2) The Prime Minister shall continue to hold office throughout the period during which the Cabinet of Ministers continues to function under the provisions of the Constitution unless he-
	(<i>a</i>) resigns his office by a writing under his hand addressed to the President; or
	(b) ceases to be a Member of Parliament.
10	(3) A Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers, a Minister who is not a member of the Cabinet of Ministers and a Deputy Minister, shall continue to hold office throughout the period
15	during which the Cabinet of Ministers continues to function under the provisions of the Constitution unless he-
	(<i>a</i>) is removed from office under the hand of the President on the advice of the Prime Minister;
20	(b) resigns from office by a writing under his hand addressed to the President; or
	(c) ceases to be a Member of Parliament.
25	(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (1) of this Article, where the recognized political party or the independent group which obtains highest number of seats
	in Parliament forms a National Government, the number of Ministers in the Cabinet of Ministers, the number of Ministers who are not Cabinet of Ministers and the number of Deputy
30	Ministers shall be determined by Parliament.

(5) For the purpose of paragraph (4), National Government means, a Government formed by the recognized political party or the independent group which obtains the highest number of seats in Parliament together with the other recognized political parties or the independent groups.

10	Cabinet of Ministers after dissolution of Parliament	48. (1) The Cabinet of Ministers functioning immediately prior to the dissolution of Parliament shall, notwithstanding such dissolution, continue to function and shall cease to function upon the conclusion of the
15		General Election and accordingly, the Prime Minister and the Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers, shall continue to function unless they cease to hold office as provided in sub- paragraph (a) of paragraph (2) or sub-paragraph
20		(<i>a</i>) or (<i>b</i>) of paragraph (3) of Article 47 and shall comply with the criteria set out by the Commissioner-General of Elections and shall not cause any undue influence on the General Election.
25		(2) Notwithstanding the death, removal from office or resignation of the Prime Minister, during the period intervening between the

from office or resignation of the Prime Minister, during the period intervening between the dissolution of Parliament and the conclusion of the General Election, the Cabinet of Ministers shall continue to function with the other Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers as its members, until the conclusion of the General Election. The President may appoint one such Minister to exercise, perform and discharge the powers, duties and functions of the Prime Minister.

35 (3) On the death, removal from office or resignation, during the period intervening

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between the dissolution of Parliament and the conclusion of the General Election, of a Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers, the President may, on the advice of the Prime Minister, appoint any other Minister to be the Minister in charge of the Ministry of such Minister or to exercise, perform and discharge the powers, duties and functions of such Minister.

10 Disso of the	office by death, resignation or otherwise,
Cabin Minis	except during the period intervening between
1.5	conclusion of the General Election, the Cabinet
15	of Ministers shall, unless the President has in the exercise of his powers under Article 70,
	dissolved Parliament, stand dissolved and the President shall appoint a Prime Minister,
20	Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers, Ministers who are not members of the Cabinet of
	Ministers and Deputy Ministers in terms of Articles 43, 44, 45 and 46:

Provided that if after the Prime Minister so
ceases to hold office, Parliament is dissolved,
the Cabinet of Ministers shall continue to
function with the other Ministers of the Cabinet
as its members, until the conclusion of the
General Election. The President may appoint
one such Minister to exercise, perform and
discharge the powers, duties and functions of
the Prime Minister, and the provisions of
Article 48 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply.

	(2) If Parliament rejects the Statement of
	Government Policy or the Appropriation Bill
35	or passes a vote of no-confidence in the
	Government, the Cabinet of Ministers shall

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stand dissolved, and the President shall, unless he has in the exercise of his powers under Article 70, dissolved Parliament, appoint a Prime Minister, Ministers of the Cabinet of Ministers, Ministers who are not members of the Cabinet of Ministers and Deputy Ministers in terms of Articles 43, 44, 45 and 46.

50. Whenever a Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers and Ministers, a Minister who is not a member of the Cabinet of Ministers or a Deputy Minister Ministers is unable to discharge the functions of his office, the President may, on the advice of the Prime Minister, appoint any Member of Parliament to act in the place of such Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers, Minister who is not a member of the Cabinet of Ministers or a Deputy Minister.

	Secretary to	
	the Prime	
20	Minister and	
	Secretary to	
	the Cabinet	
	of Ministers	

51. (1) (*a*) There shall be a Secretary to the Prime Minister who shall be appointed by the President.

(b) The Secretary shall have charge of the office of the Prime Minister and shall perform and discharge the duties and functions of his office, subject to the directions of the Prime Minister.

(2) (a) There shall be a Secretary to the Cabinet of Ministers who shall be appointed by the President.

(b) The Secretary shall, subject to the direction of the President, have charge of the office of the Cabinet of Ministers, and shall discharge and perform such other functions and duties as may be assigned to him by the President or the Cabinet of Ministers.

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Acting

Deputy

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Secretaries to Ministries 52. (1) There shall be a Secretary for every Ministry of a Minister of the Cabinet of Ministers, who shall be appointed by the President.

5	(2) The Secretary to a Ministry shall, subject to the direction and control of his Minister, exercise supervision over the departments of government and other institutions in charge of the Minister.
10	(3) Notwithstanding the dissolution of the Cabinet of Ministers under the provisions of the Constitution, the Secretary to a Ministry shall continue to hold office until a new Secretary is appointed to such Ministry, in
15	terms of the provisions of the Constitution:
20	Provided however, the Secretary to a Ministry shall cease to hold office upon a determination by the President under Article 44 or 45 which results in such Ministry ceasing to exist.
	(4) For the purposes of this Article, the office of the Secretary to the President, the office of the Secretary to the Cabinet of Ministers, the office of the Auditor-General, the office of the
25	Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration (Ombudsman), the office of the Secretary-General of Parliament, the Constitutional Council, and the Commissions referred to in the Schedule to Article 41B shall

Government. Official oath 53. A person appointed to any office

or affirmation

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referred to in this Chapter shall not enter upon the duties of his office until such person takes

be deemed not to be departments of

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and subscribes the oath or makes and subscribes the affirmations set out in the Fourth Schedule and Seventh Schedule.".

4. Article 54 of the Constitution is hereby amended as Amendment 5 follows:- of Article 54

of Article 54 of the Constitution

(1) by the repeal of paragraph (1) of that Article and the substitution therefor of the following paragraph:-

"(1) There shall be a Public Service Commission (in this Chapter referred to as the "Commission") which shall consist of nine members appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council, of whom not less than three members shall be persons who have had over fifteen years experience as a public officer. The President on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council shall appoint one member as its Chairman.";

(2) by the repeal of paragraph (4) of that Article and the substitution therefor of the following paragraph:-

"(4) Every member of the Commission shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of appointment, unless the member becomes subject to any disqualification under paragraph (2) or earlier resigns from his office by writing addressed to the President or is removed from office by the President with the approval of the Constitutional Council or is convicted by a court of law of any offence involving moral turpitude or if a resolution for the imposition of civic disability upon the member has been passed in terms of Article 81 or is deemed to have vacated his office under paragraph (6)."; and

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	(3) by the substitution, in paragraph (7) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council,".	
	5. Article 61E of the Constitution is hereby amended, in paragraph (b) of that Article, by the substitution for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the approval of the Constitutional Council,".	Amendment of Article 61E of the Constitution
10	6. Article 61F of the Constitution is hereby repealed and the following Article is substituted therefor:-	Replacement of Article 61F of the
15	"Interpretation 61F. For the purposes of this Chapter, "public officer" does not include a member of the Army, Navy or Air Force, an officer of the Election Commission appointed by such Commission, a police officer appointed by the National Police Commission, a scheduled public officer appointed by the Judicial Service	Constitution
20	Commission or a member of the Sri Lanka State Audit Service appointed by the Audit Service Commission.".	
	7. Article 65 of the Constitution is hereby amended as follows:-	Amendment of Article 65 of the
25	 (1) by the substitution, in paragraph (1) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the approval of the Constitutional Council,"; and 	Constitution
30	(2) by the repeal of paragraph (6) of that Article, and the substitution therefor of the following paragraph:-	
	"(6) Whenever the Secretary-General is unable to discharge the functions of his office, the	

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President may, subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council, appoint a person to act in the place of the Secretary-General.".

8. Article 91 of the Constitution is hereby amended in Amendment 5 sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph (1) of that Article as follows:- of Article 91

of the Constitution

- (1) by the substitution, in item (iv) of that subparagraph, for the words and figures "referred to in Schedule I to Article 41A," of the words and figures "referred to in the Schedule to Article 41B,";
- (2) by the insertion, immediately after item (va) of that 10 sub-paragraph, of the following item:-

"(vb) a member of the Constitutional Council referred to in sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph (1) of Article 41A, other than any Member of Parliament;"; and

(3) by the insertion, immediately after item (xii) of that sub-paragraph, of the following item:-

"(xiii) a citizen of Sri Lanka who is also a citizen of any other country;".

20 9. Article 95 of the Constitution is hereby amended in Amendment paragraph (2) of that Article, by the substitution for the words of Article 95 of the and figures "paragraph (1) of this Article and subject to the provisions of Article 41A, appoint", of the words and figure "paragraph (1) and on the recommendation of the

Constitution

25 Constitutional Council, appoint".

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10. Article 103 of the Constitution is hereby amended Amendment as follows:-

of Article 103 of the Constitution

(1) by the substitution, in paragraph (1) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions

of Article 41A," of the words "on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council,"; and

(2) by the substitution, in paragraph (7) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council,".

11. Article 104B of the Constitution is hereby amended Amendment by the repeal of sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (5) of that of Article 104_B of the

10 Article and the substitution therefor of the following subparagraph:-

- "(a) The Commission shall have the power to issue, from time to time, in respect of the holding of any election or the conduct of a referendum, such guidelines as
- the Commission may consider appropriate, to any broadcasting or telecasting operator or any proprietor or any publisher of a newspaper, as the case may be, as the Commission may consider necessary to ensure a free and fair election.".
- 12. Article 107 of the Constitution is hereby amended Amendment 20 in paragraph (1) of that Article, by the substitution, for the of Article words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," ¹⁰⁷ of the Constitution of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council,".
- 25 13. Article 109 of the Constitution is hereby amended Amendment as follows:-

of Article 109 of the Constitution

(1) by the substitution, in paragraph (1) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the approval of the Constitutional Council,"; and

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- (2) by the substitution, in paragraph (2) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "on the approval of the Constitutional Council,".
- 5 **14.** Article 111b of the Constitution is hereby amended Amendment in paragraph (1) of that Article, by the substitution for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A.", Constitution of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council.".

10	15.	Article111E of the Constitution is hereby amended	Amendment
	in parag	graph (5) of that Article, by the substitution, for the	of Article 111E
		ind figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A,"	
	of the v	words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional	Constitution
	Counci	l,".	

15	16.	Article 121 of the Constitution is hereby amended	Amendment
	in paraş words "	graph (1) of that Article, by the substitution, for the within one week" of the words "within fourteen days".	of Article 121 of the Constitution
	17. <i>I</i>	Article 153 of the Constitution is hereby amended as	Amendment

of

Article 153

20 (1) by the substitution, in paragraph (1) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council,"; and

follows:-

25

(2) by the substitution, in paragraph (4) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council,".

18. The following new Articles are hereby inserted
immediately after Article 153 and shall have effect as Articles
153A, 153B, 153C, 153D, 153E, 153F, 153G and 153H of the
Constitution:-Insertion of
new Articles
153A, 153B,
153G and 153H of the
153E, 153F,
153G

5 10	"Constitution of the Audit Service Commission	Comm "Comm Audito the Co appoint	A. (1) There shall be an Audit Service ission (in this Chapter referred to as the mission"), which shall consist of the or-General who shall be the Chairman of mmission, and the following members nted by the President on the mendation of the Constitutional il:-	and153H in the Constitution
15		(<i>a</i>)	two retired officers of the Auditor- General's Department, who have held office as a Deputy Auditor-General or above;	
		(<i>b</i>)	a retired judge of the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal or the High Court of Sri Lanka; and	
20		(c)	a retired Class I officer of the Sri Lanka Administrative Service.	
			A person appointed as a member of the ission shall hold office for three years, he-	
25		<i>(a)</i>	earlier resigns from his office, by letter addressed to the President;	
		(<i>b</i>)	is removed from office as hereinafter provided; or	
30		(c)	becomes a Member of Parliament or a member of a Provincial Council or a local authority.	

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(3) A person appointed as a member of the Commission shall be eligible to be appointed for a further term of office, on the recommendation of the Constitutional 5 Council. (4) The President may, for cause assigned and with the approval of the Constitutional Council, remove from office any person appointed as a member of the Commission 10 under paragraph (1). (5) The Chairman and the members of the Commission shall be paid such allowances as are determined by Parliament. Such allowances shall be charged on the Consolidated Fund and shall not be diminished during the term of 15 office of the Chairman or members. (6) The Chairman and the members of the Commission shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning and for the 20 purposes of Chapter IX of the Penal Code (Chapter 19). (7) There shall be a secretary to the Commission who shall be appointed by the Commission. 25 Meetings of 153B. (1) The quorum for any meeting of the Commission shall be three members of the the Commission. Commission (2) Parliament shall, subject to paragraph (1), provide by law for meetings of the Commission, the establishment of the Sri 30 Lanka State Audit Service and such other

matters connected with and incidental thereto.

5	Powers and functions of the Commission	153c. (1) The powers of appointment, promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of the members belonging to the Sri Lanka State Audit Service, shall be vested in the Commission.
		(2) The Commission shall also exercise, perform and discharge the following powers, duties and functions: -
10		 (a) make rules pertaining to schemes of recruitment, the appointment, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of the members belonging to the Sri Lanka State Audit Service, subject to any
15		policy determined by the Cabinet of Ministers pertaining to the same;
		(b) prepare annual estimates of the National Audit Office established by law; and
20		(c) exercise, perform and discharge such other powers, duties and functions as may be provided for by law.
		(3) The Commission shall cause the rules made under paragraph (2) to be published in the <i>Gazette</i> .
25		(4) Every such rule shall come into operation on the date of such publication or on such later date as may be specified in such rule.
30		(5) Every such rule shall, within three months of such publication in the <i>Gazette</i> be brought before Parliament for approval. Any rule which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded as from the date of such disapproval, but without prejudice to anything previously done thereunder.

153D. (1) A person who otherwise than in Influencing or the course of his duty, directly or indirectly, attempting to by himself or through any other person, in any influence manner whatsoever, influences or attempts to decision of 5 influence any decision of the Commission, any the Commission member thereof or any officer of the Sri Lanka or any State Audit Service, commits an offence and officer of the shall on conviction be liable to a fine not Sri Lanka exceeding one hundred thousand rupees or to State Audit 10 Service, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three be an years or to both such fine and imprisonment. offence (2) Every High Court established under Article 154P of the Constitution shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine any matter referred to in paragraph (1). 15 Immunity 153E. Subject to the jurisdiction conferred from legal on the Supreme Court under Article 126 and to proceedings the powers granted to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal under Article 153G, no court 20 or tribunal shall have the power or jurisdiction to inquire into, pronounce upon or in any manner whatsoever call in question any order or decision made by the Commission, in pursuance of any function assigned to such Commission under this Chapter or under any 25 law. Costs and 153F. The costs and expenses of the expenses Commission shall be a charge on the Consolidated Fund. 30 Appeals to 153G. Any officer of the Sri Lanka State the Audit Service who is aggrieved by any order Administrative relating to the appointment, promotion or Appeals transfer of such officer or any order on a Tribunal disciplinary matter or dismissal made by the 35 Commission, in respect of such officer, may

appeal therefrom to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal established under Article 59, which shall have the power to alter, vary, rescind or confirm any order or decision made by the Commission.

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to be

153H. The Commission shall be responsible Commission and answerable to Parliament in accordance answerable to with the provisions of the Standing Orders of Parliament Parliament for the discharge of its functions and shall forward to Parliament in each calendar year a report of its activities in such year.".

	19.	Article 154 of	of the Constitution is h	ereby amended	Amendment
15	words	and figures	at Article, by the subs "the Parliamentary to in Schedule I to Arti	Council, the	Article 154 of the
	words a	and figures	"the Constitutional to in the Schedule to A	Council, the	Constitution

22. Article 155B of the Constitution is hereby amended, Amendment 30 by the insertion, immediately after paragraph (4) of that of Article, of following paragraph:of the

Constitution "(5) The Inspector-General of Police shall be entitled to be present at meetings of the Commission, except where any matter relating to him is being considered.

Article 155B

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He shall have no right to vote at such meetings.".

Twenty Secon	l Amendn	ent to the	<i>Constitution</i>	31
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23. Article 155c of the Constitution is hereby amended, Amendment by the substitution, for the words and figures "under of Article paragraph (1) of Article 126," of the words and figures "under Constitution paragraph (1) of Article 126 and the powers granted to the

155c of the

5 Administrative Appeals Tribunal under Article 155L,".

24. The following new Articles are hereby inserted immediately after Article 155FFF and shall have effect as Articles 155G, 155H, 155J, 155K and 155L respectively, of the Constitution: -

Insertion of
newArticles
1556,155н,
155ј,155к
and 155L in
the
Constitution

10	"Powers of	155G. $(1)(a)$ The appointment, promotion,
the Commissi		transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of
	Commission	police officers other than the Inspector-General
		of Police, shall be vested in the Commission.
		The Commission shall exercise its powers of
15		promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and
		dismissal in consultation with the Inspector-
		General of Police.

(b) The Commission shall not in the exercise of its powers under this Article, derogate from the powers and functions assigned to the Provincial Police Service Commissions as and when such Commissions are established under Chapter XVIIA of the Constitution.

(2) The Commission shall establish 25 procedures to entertain and investigate public complaints and complaints of any aggrieved person made against a police officer or the police service, and provide redress as provided 30 by law. In the event of the Commission providing redress, the Commission shall forthwith inform the Inspector-General of Police.

(3) The Commission shall, in consultation with the Inspector-General of Police, provide for and determine all matters regarding police officers, including-

5		(<i>a</i>)	the formulation of schemes of recruitment, promotion and transfer, subject to any policy determined by the Cabinet of Ministers pertaining to the same;
10		(b)	training and the improvement of the efficiency and independence of the police service;
15		(c)	the nature and type of the arms, ammunition and other equipment necessary for the use of the National Division and the Provincial Divisions; and
		(<i>d</i>)	codes of conduct and disciplinary procedures.
20		powers and duties and f Appendix I	Commission shall exercise all such discharge and perform all such unctions as are vested in it under of List I contained in the Ninth the Constitution.
25	Delegation of certain powers of the Commission to a Committee	a Committee consisting of shall be not	The Commission may delegate to tee of the Commission (not f members of the Commission) as ninated by the Commission, the ppointment, promotion, transfer,
30		disciplinary	control and dismissal of such police officers as are specified by

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(2) The Commission shall cause to be published in the Gazette, the appointment of any such Committee.

5		(3) The procedure and quorum for meetings of a Committee nominated under paragraph (1) shall be according to rules made by the Commission. The Commission shall cause such rules to be published in the <i>Gazette</i> .
10	Delegation of certain functions by the Commission	155J. (1) The Commission may, subject to such conditions and procedures as may be specified by the Commission, delegate to the Inspector-General of Police or in consultation with the Inspector-General of Police to any
15		police officer, its powers of appointment, promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of any category of police officers.
		(2) The Commission shall cause any such delegation to be published in the <i>Gazette</i> .
20	Right of appeal	155κ. (1) Where the Commission has delegated under Article 155J to any police officer its powers of appointment, promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of any category of police officers, the Inspector-
25		General of Police shall have a right of appeal to the Commission against any order made by such police officer in the exercise of the powers delegated to him.
30		(2) A police officer aggrieved by any order relating to promotion, transfer or any order on a disciplinary matter or dismissal made by a Committee or the Inspector-General of Police

or a police officer referred to in Articles 155H

5		and 155 ^J in respect of such officer may appeal to the Commission against such order in accordance with rules made by the Commission, from time to time, regulating the procedure and the period fixed for the making and hearing of an appeal by the Commission.
10		(3) The Commission shall have the power to alter, vary, rescind or confirm such order upon an appeal made under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), or to give directions in relation thereto or to order such further or other inquiry, as the Commission shall deem fit.
15		(4) The Commission shall, from time to time, cause to be published in the <i>Gazette</i> , rules made by it under paragraph (2) of this Article.
20 25		(5) Upon any delegation of its powers to a Committee or the Inspector-General of Police or police officer under Articles 155H and 155J, the Commission shall not, whilst such delegation is in force, exercise, perform or discharge its powers, duties or functions in respect of the categories of police officers in respect of which such delegation is made, subject to the right of appeal hereinbefore provided.
30	Appeals to Administrative Appeals Tribunal	155L. Any police officer aggrieved by any order relating to promotion, transfer or any order on a disciplinary matter or dismissal made by the Commission in terms of Article 155 κ , in respect of such officer, may appeal therefrom to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal established under Article 59, which shall have the power to alter, vary, rescind or confirm any order or decision made by the Commission.".

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25. Article 155M of the Constitution is hereby repealed Replacement of Article and the following Article substituted therefor:-155м of the

Constitution

26. Article 156 of the Constitution is hereby amended as Amendment of Article 10 follows: -

156 of the Constitution

- (1) by the substitution, in paragraph (2) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council,"; and
- 15 (2) by the substitution, in paragraph (5) of that Article, for the words and figures "subject to the provisions of Article 41A," of the words "subject to the approval of the Constitutional Council,".

27. The following new Chapters are hereby inserted Insertion of 20 immediately after Chapter XIX and shall have effect as new Chapters Chapter XIXA and Chapter XIXB of the Constitution: -

XIXA and XIX_B in the Constitution

"CHAPTER XIXA

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE ALLEGATIONS OF BRIBERY OR CORRUPTION

25 Commission 156A. (1) Parliament shall by law provide to investigate for the establishment of a Commission to bribery or investigate allegations of bribery or corruption. corruption Such law shall provide for-

(a) the appointment of the members

		of the Commission by the President on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council;
5	(<i>b</i>)	the powers of the Commission, including the power to direct the holding of a preliminary inquiry
10		or the making of an investigation into an allegation of bribery or corruption, whether of its own motion or on a complaint made to it, and the power to institute
15		prosecutions for offences under the law in force relating to bribery or corruption; and
	(<i>c</i>)	measures to implement the United Nations Convention Against Corruption and any other International Convention relating
20		to the prevention of corruption, to which Sri Lanka is a party.
	Commissio	til Parliament so provides, the on to Investigate Allegations of Corruption Act, No. 19 of 1994 shall
25	apply, subje be lawful fo that Act, to allegation o	ect to the modification that it shall or the Commission appointed under o inquire into, or investigate, an f bribery or corruption, whether on
30	to it.	ion or on a written complaint made

CHAPTER XIXB

NATIONAL PROCUREMENT COMMISSION

National Procurement 5	156B. (1) There shall be a National Procurement Commission (in this Chapter referred to as the "Commission") consisting of five members appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council, of whom at least three members shall be persons who have had proven experience in procurement, accountancy, law or public administration. The President shall, on the recommendation of the Constitutional Council, appoint one member as the Chairman of the Commission.
15	(2) Every member of the Commission shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of appointment, unless such member earlier resigns from office by a writing addressed
20	to the President or is removed from office by the President for causes assigned with the approval of the Constitutional Council or is convicted by a court of law for an offence involving moral turpitude or is elected as a
25	Member of Parliament or as a member of a Provincial Council or of a local authority or if a resolution for the imposition of a civic disability on him is passed in terms of Article 81.
30	(3) The Chairman and every member of the Commission shall be paid such allowances as may be determined by a resolution of Parliament. Such allowances shall be charged on the Consolidated Fund and shall not be diminished during the term of office of such
35	Chairman or the member.

	Functions of	156c. (1) It shall be the function of the
	the Commission	Commissio	n to formulate fair, equitable,
	Commission	transparent,	competitive and cost effective
		procedures a	nd guidelines, for the procurement
5		of goods ar	nd services, works, consultancy
		services a	nd information systems by
		-	t institutions and cause such
		-	b be published in the <i>Gazette</i> and
			months of such publication, to be
10		placed befor	e Parliament.
		(2) With	out prejudice to the generality of
			1), it shall be the function of the
		Commission	n to –
		<i>(a)</i>	monitor and report to the
15			appropriate authorities, on
			whether all procurement of goods
			and services, works, consultancy
			services and information systems
			by government institutions are
20			based on procurement plans
			prepared in accordance with
			previously approved action
			plans;
		<i>(b)</i>	monitor and report to the
25			appropriate authorities on
			whether all qualified bidders for
			the provision of goods and
			services, works, consultancy
			services and information systems
30			by government institutions are
			afforded an equal opportunity to
			participate in the bidding process
			for the provision of those goods
a -			and services, works, consultancy
35			services and information systems;

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5		(c)	monitor and report to the appropriate authorities on whether the procedures for the selection of contractors, and the awarding of contracts for the provision of goods and services, works, consultancy services and information systems to government institutions, are fair
10			and transparent;
		(<i>d</i>)	report on whether members of Procurement Committees and Technical Evaluation
			Committees relating to the
15			procurements, appointed by
			government institutions are suitably qualified; and
			suitably qualified, and
		<i>(e)</i>	investigate reports of procurements made by
20			government institutions outside
20			established procedures and
			guidelines, and to report the
			officers responsible for such
25			procurements to the relevant
25			authorities for necessary action.
	Powers of the Commission) The Commission may, by Notice require any person to-
		(a)	attend before the Commission,
			to be questioned by the
30			Commission;
		(b)	produce to the Commission, any document or thing in the possession or control of that person and specified in such
35			Notice.

(2) Every person who-

5		<i>(a)</i>	fails, without reasonable cause to appear before the Commission when required to do so by a Notice sent to him under paragraph (1);
10		(b)	appears before the Commission in compliance with such a Notice, but refuses without reasonable cause, to answer any questions put to him by the Commission; or
15		(<i>c</i>)	fails or refuses, without reasonable cause, to produce any document or thing which he was required to produce by a Notice sent to him under paragraph (1),
20		liable to a t thousand rup	offence and shall on conviction be fine not exceeding one hundred bees or to imprisonment for a term ag seven years, or to both such fine nment.
25		Article 154 jurisdiction	ry High Court established under p of the Constitution shall have to hear and determine any matter n paragraph (2).
	Meetings of the Commission) The Commission shall meet as y be necessary for the discharge of

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5	(2) The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Commission. In the absence of the Chairman from any meeting of the Commission, the members present shall elect a Chairman for that meeting, from among themselves.
	(3) The quorum for any meeting of the Commission shall be three.
10	(4) Decisions of the Commission shall be by the majority vote of the members present and voting at the meeting at which the decision is taken, and in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairman or member presiding at the meeting shall have a casting vote.
15	(5) Subject to the preceding provisions of this Article, the Commission may determine the procedure with regard to its meetings and the transaction of business at such meetings.
20	(6) The Commission shall have the power to act notwithstanding any vacancy in the membership of the Commission, and no act, proceeding or decision of the Commission shall be invalid or deemed to be invalid, by reason only of such vacancy or defect in the
25 Staff of the Commission	appointment of a member. 156F. (1) The Commission shall appoint a Secretary-General and such other officers as it may consider necessary for the proper discharge of its functions, on such terms and conditions
30	as may be determined by the Commission.

(2) All members and officers of the Commission shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning, and for the purposes of, Chapter IX of the Penal Code (Chapter 19).

(3) No suit, prosecution or other proceeding shall lie against any member or officer of the Commission for any act or thing which in good faith is done or purported to be done by him in the performance of his duties or the discharge of his functions, under the Constitution.

Expenses of the Commission to be charged on the Consolidated Fund

156н. In this Chapter, "government 15 Interpretation institution" includes the office of the Secretary to the President, the office of the Secretary to the Prime Minister, the office of the Secretary to the Cabinet of Ministers, the offices of the 20 Ministers appointed under Article 44 or 45, the Judicial Service Commission, the Constitutional Council, the Commissions referred to in the Schedule to Article 41B, the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration, the Secretary-General 25 of Parliament, Ministries, government departments, local authorities, public corporations, business or other undertakings vested in the government under any written 30 law and Companies registered or deemed to be registered under the Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007, in which the government, a public

5

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corporation or local authority holds more than fifty *per centum* of the shares of that company.".

5	the repeal of the o	0 of the Constitution is hereby amended by definition of the expression "public officer" ion therefor of the following definition: -	Amendment of Article 170
3	and the substitut	ion mereror of the following definition	of the Constitution
	under	r" means a person who holds any paid office the Republic, other than a judicial officer, es not include –	Constitution
	<i>(a)</i>	the President;	
10	<i>(b)</i>	the Prime Minister;	
	(c)	the Speaker;	
	(<i>d</i>)	a Minister appointed under Article 44 or 45;	
	(<i>e</i>)	a Deputy Minister appointed under Article 46;	
15	(f)	a Member of Parliament;	
	(<i>g</i>)	a member of the Constitutional Council;	
	(<i>h</i>)	a member of the Judicial Service Commission;	
20	(i)	the Chairman or a member of any Commission referred to in Article 41 _B ;	
	(j)	the Secretary-General of Parliament;	
	(<i>k</i>)	a member of the staff of the Secretary- General of Parliament;	
25	(<i>l</i>)	a member of the University Grants Commission;	

- (m) a member of the Official Languages Commission;
- (*n*) the Auditor-General; and
- (o) the Governor of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka.".

provisions

29. (1) (a) The ninth Parliament in existence on the day Transitional preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, shall, unless dissolved earlier continue to function until August 19, 2025 and shall thereafter stand dissolved.

- 10 (b) The persons holding office respectively as the President and the Prime Minister on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, shall continue to hold office after such date subject to the provisions of the Constitution.
- (2) Every person holding office on the day preceding the 15 date on which this Act comes into operation, as-
 - (a) the Chief Justice;

- *(b)* the Judges of the Supreme Court;
- (c) the members of the Judicial Service Commission;
- 20 (d) the President of the Court of Appeal;
 - (e) the Judges of the Court of Appeal;
 - the Attorney-General; (f)
 - (g) the Governor of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka;
 - (*h*) the Auditor-General;

- (*i*) the Inspector-General of Police;
- (*j*) the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration (Ombudsman);
- (k) the Secretary-General of Parliament;
- 5 (*l*) the Judges of the High Court; or
 - (*m*) the judicial officers, scheduled public officers, public officers or police officers,

shall continue to hold such office and shall, subject to paragraph (3) of Article 41c, continue to exercise, perform 10 and discharge the powers, duties and functions of that office,

under the same terms and conditions.

(3) Every person holding office on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, as a member of the Parliamentary Council shall cease to hold office as a15 member of the Parliamentary Council with effect from the date on which this Act comes into operation.

(4) Every person holding office on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, as the Chairman or a member of -

20 (a) the Election Commission;

- (b) the Public Service Commission;
- (c) the National Police Commission;
- (d) the Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka;
- (e) the Commission to Investigate Allegations of Bribery or Corruption;
 - (f) the Finance Commission; and
 - (g) the Delimitation Commission,

shall cease to hold such office with effect from the date on which this Act comes into operation:

Provided however, a person holding office on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, 5 as a Chairman or a member of any such Commission referred to above may continue to exercise and discharge powers and functions of their respective offices until such date on which the respective Commissions are constituted in accordance with Chapter VIIA of the Constitution.

- 10 (5) All matters relating to-
 - (*a*) the appointment, promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of police officers; and
 - (b) appeals by police officers to the Public Service Commission,
- 15 pending before the Public Service Commission on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, shall, with effect from that date, stand transferred to the National Police Commission established by Article 155A and shall be determined by the National Police Commission
- 20 accordingly.

(6) All matters relating to the appointment, promotion, transfer, disciplinary control and dismissal of members of the Sri Lanka State Audit Service and pending before the Public Service Commission on the day preceding the date

25 on which this Act comes into operation, shall, with effect from that date, stand transferred to the Audit Service Commission established by Article 153A and shall be determined by the Audit Service Commission accordingly.

30. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that- Avoidance of

Avoidance of doubt

30 (*a*) where there is a requirement in any written law to obtain the recommendation or approval of the

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Parliamentary Council on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, the reference to the Parliamentary Council shall be read and construed as a reference to the Constitutional Council with effect from the date on which this Act comes into operation; and

- (b) any Member of the ninth Parliament in existence on the day preceding the date on which this Act comes into operation, who is subject to the disqualification specified in item (xiii) of subparagraph (d) of paragraph (1) of Article 91 of the Constitution shall not be qualified to sit and vote in Parliament with effect from the date on which this Act comes into operation.
- 15 **31.** In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala Sinhala text to prevail in case of inconsistency

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DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING